## 修頓遊樂場 和 榮譽扶輪社員修頓爵士

# Southorn Playground and

## Honourary Rotarian--Sir Wilfrid Thomas Southorn

By Herbert K. Lau (劉敬恒) (Rotary China Historian) 15 December 2015



Southorn Playground (修頓遊樂場), initially a Hong Kong Rotary Club's service project during the Club's first year in 1931, is now a sports and recreational ground in Wan Chai, Hong Kong (香港灣仔). It comprises a football pitch, four basketball courts, and a children's playground. It was named in 1934 after an Honourary Rotarian of the Rotary Club of Hong Kong (香港扶輪社), Sir Wilfrid Thomas Southorn (修頓爵士), who was the Colonial Secretary of the British Crown Colony Hong Kong from 1925 to 1936.



Dr. the Honourable Sir Wilfrid Thomas Southorn, KCMG, KBE, CMG, *Hon*LLD (*HKU*), MA (*Oxon*), BA (*Oxon*) (4 August 1879 – 15 March 1957) (Chinese name given as: 修頓, formerly given as: 蕭敦), affectionately known as "Tom", was a British colonial administrator, spending the large part of his career in the British Crown Colony Ceylon (now the Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka), in South Asia, before serving as Colonial Secretary of Hong Kong, then Governor of The Gambia (now the Republic of The Gambia) in West Africa.

### Colonial service career

Tom was educated at Warwick School and Corpus Christi College, University of Oxford, England. He had joined the Ceylon Civil Service in 1903, and was appointed Additional Assistant Colonial Secretary in 1909, Principal Assistant Colonial Secretary in 1920, and Principal Collector of Customs and Chairman of the Post Commission in 1923.

He was the Colonial Secretary of Hong Kong from 1925 to 1936, and served 6 times as the Officer Administering the Government of the Colony (護理總督) during the absence of the Governor or when the governorship is in vacant.

In 1936, Tom was made Governor of The Gambia, notably describing the colony as "a geographical and economic absurdity". Any plans Tom had for major improvements either for the Colony or for the Protectorate had to be framed within a context of severely limited revenues because of the Gambia's poverty and the effects of the world depression.

After 1939, the economy of the Gambia improved substantially, as it became an important staging area during World War II. However, between 1940 and 1942, the situation was particularly tense because the Gambia was surrounded on three sides by Senegal, whose government was controlled by Vichy France. Tom favored granting the franchise to the Gambia, but pressure of work caused by the War prevented him from doing so. He left The Gambia in March 1942.

### Personal life

In 1921 Tom married author Bella Sidney Woolf (1877–1960), whom he met through her (later) more famous brother Leonard Woolf, when the two men were colleagues in Ceylon. In 1904, then a humble 'Office Assistant', Tom had met Leonard Woolf on his arrival in Ceylon from England.

The Southorn couple in Hong Kong often devoted themselves with community services. Lady Southorn had served The Girl Guides Association (Hong Kong Branch) as the Colonial Commissioner from 1926 to 1936. She was appointed in 1935, by King George V, Officer of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire (O.B.E.).

### Legacy -- Southorn Playground and the Rotary Club

Southorn Playground is a sports and recreational ground in Wan Chai (灣仔), Hong Kong. It comprises a football pitch, four basketball courts, and a children's playground. Southorn Playground is bounded by Hennessy Road (軒尼詩道) to the north, Luard Road (盧押道) to the west, Johnston Road (莊士敦道) to the south, and buildings to the east. It has been Wan Chai's main recreational area since the 1930s. It was named in 1934 after Sir Wilfrid Thomas Southorn, the Colonial Secretary from 1925 to 1936.

Though the site is not big, it is often used for district functions such as fun fairs and sports matches. It is also popular among local residents as a place for daily relaxation and socialization.

The land on which the Southorn Playground sits was reclaimed from Victoria Harbour

as part of the Praya East Reclamation Scheme during the 1920s. In 1929, the Government set up the Playing Fields Committee to study the provision of children's playgrounds. The Committee recommended setting aside areas for children, and Tom suggested preserving the land between Johnston Road and Hennessy Road as a playground.

The designated playground, the Wanchai Grounds (today's Southorn Playground), was allotted by the Government to the Rotary Club of Hong Kong which financed the construction. On 1 July 1933, the new Children's Playground Association (today the Hong Kong Playground Association) took over responsibility of the playground. A public toilet and bathhouse opened on 12 February 1934 at the junction of Hennessy Road and O'Brien Road (柯布建道).

A formal opening ceremony was held for the then-Wanchai Children's Playground, officiated by both Sir Wilfrid Thomas Southorn and Hong Kong Rotary Club Past President Dr. The Honourable Ts'o Seen Wan (議員曹善允博士), on 11 July 1934. The playground was actually open in some capacity prior to the commemorative opening ceremony---an April 1934 news article stated that the facility already had an average daily attendance of some 275 children. It was the community service project of the Rotary Club's first year.

Following the Japanese Occupation of Hong Kong (1941–1945), the Government endeavoured to rehabilitate the derelict playgrounds of the territory. The 《Government Gazette》 announced on 11 October 1947 that the Southorn Playground would be re-allocated to the Children's Playground Association---unlike other playgrounds, which remained in Government hands in anticipation that the Urban Council would ultimately take over their management.

The Children's Playground Association constructed the War Memorial Centre, a welfare and sports centre, in the eastern portion of Southorn Playground. It was completed in 1950 and offered children recreational opportunities as well as a library. A new covered basketball court opened at the centre on 5 June 1951. This eastern portion of the playground also hosted the Family Planning Association and the Violet Peel Clinic. (*see photo on Page 9*)

#### Honours

- (1) 1927 -- Companion of The Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George (C.M.G.)
- (2) 1933 Knight Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire (K.B.E.)
- (3) 1936 Doctor of Laws, honoris causa, The University of Hong Kong
- (4) 1938 Knight Commander of The Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George (K.C.M.G.)





### Periods of Service in the Hong Kong Legislative Council

16 January 1936 - 19 March 1936

Appointed (Ex officio - Colonial Secretary)

9 November 1935 - 5 December 1935

Appointed (Official - The Officer Administering the Government) \*\*

\*\* President of the Council

13 June 1935 - 12 September 1935

Appointed (Official - The Officer Administering the Government) \*\*

\*\* President of the Council

1 December 1932 - 16 May 1935

Appointed (Ex officio - Colonial Secretary)

19 May 1932 - 10 November 1932

Appointed (Official - The Officer Administering the Government) \*\*

\*\* President of the Council

31 October 1929 - 7 April 1932

Appointed (Ex officio - Colonial Secretary)

24 October 1929 - 24 October 1929

Appointed (Official - The Officer Administering the Government) \*\*

\*\* President of the Council

24 January 1929 - 23 September 1929

Appointed (Ex officio - Colonial Secretary)

28 June 1928 - 27 December 1928

Appointed (Official - The Officer Administering the Government) \*\*

\*\* President of the Council

13 October 1927 - 1 December 1927

Appointed (Official - The Officer Administering the Government) \*\*

\*\* President of the Council

27 May 1926 - 15 September 1927

Appointed (Ex officio - Colonial Secretary)

#### 這一頁 1928 年的會議記錄顯示,修頓以護理總督的身份擔任香港立法局主席。

In this page of 1928 Hong Kong Legislative Council minutes, it shows that Mr. Wilfrid T. Southorn served as President of the Council in his capacity as The Officer Administering the Government.

100 HONG KONG LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

### December 20th, 1928.

#### PRESENT:-

HIS EXCELLENCY THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT (HON. MR. W. T. SOUTHORN, C.M.G.).

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GENERAL OFFICER COMMANDING THE TROOPS (MAJOR-GENERAL C. C. LUARD, C.B., C.M.G.).

THE COLONIAL SECRETARY (HON. MR. E. R. HALLIFAX, C.M.G., C.B.E.).

THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL (HON. SIR JOSEPH HORSFORD KEMP, KT., K.C., C.B.E.).

THE COLONIAL TREASURER (HON. MR. C. MCI. MESSER, O.B.E.).

HON. MR. H. T. CREASY (Director of Public Works).

HON. MR. R. A. C. NORTH (Secretary for Chinese Affairs).

HON. MR. E. D. C. WOLFE, C.M.G. (Captain Superintendent of Police).

HON. SIR HENRY EDWARD POLLOCK, KT., K.C.

HON. SIR SHOU-SON CHOW, KT.

HON. DR. R. H. KOTEWALL, C.M.G., LL.D.

HON. MR. A. C. HYNES.

HON. MR. J. OWEN HUGHES.

HON. MR. B. D. F. BEITH.

Mr. H. R. BUTTERS (Deputy Clerk of Councils).

### MINUTES.

The minutes of the previous meeting of the Council were confirmed.

#### THE KING'S ILLNESS.

H.E. THE OFFICER ADMINISTERING THE GOVERNMENT— Hon. Members of the Legislative Council,—Before we take up the business on the agenda, I should like to make reference to that matter which has during the past fortnight been uppermost in the minds, not only of Hon. Members, but of all His loyal subjects, namely, the serious illness of His Majesty the King. It is too early to say that our anxiety is allayed, but I am sure that the Council will have received with feelings of the keenest relief the welcome news that His Majesty continues to make progress and that there are now surer grounds for the hope of His Majesty's recovery. We respectfully tender our sincerest sympathy to Her Majesty the Queen and the Royal Family in the anxious period through which they have been and still are passing.



# Congregation 1936

# Sir Wilfrid Thomas SOUTHORN Doctor of Laws honoris causa

Sir Wilfred Thomas Southorn needs no introduction. From Warwick School he went to Corpus Christi College, Oxford. That college has had many famous sons. I will confine myself to mention of two - Sir Reginald Stubbs and Sir Thomas Southorn. entered the Ceylon Civil Service in 1903; was Additional Assistant Colonial Secretary in 1909; Principal Assistant Colonial Secretary in 1920; Principal Collector of Customs and Chairman of the Post Commission in 1923. In 1926 Sir Thomas came here as Colonial Secretary. You know the rest. How often and how successfully he has administered the Government of Hong Kong and acted as Chancellor of the University; the enthusiasm with which he has always identified himself with everything and anything calculated to make the Colony a healthier and a happier place. Had it not been for Sir Thomas, I doubt whether there would have been even now a Branch of the English Association in Hong Kong; without his help the playgrounds for poor children would have been something very much less than they are now. Socially Sir Thomas and Lady Southorn have endeared themselves to everyone. I doubt whether there have ever been two persons in this Colony who had so many friends in all the sections of the Colony's cosmopolitan population. The University is not giving Lady Southorn an honorary degree. It should be but Festina lente. In a hurrying world British universities move slowly. I am however quite certain that Sir Thomas would wish me to say what he knows and you all know - I refer to the great help that his wife has always been to him. But the Colony's debt to Lady Southorn is not confined to what she has done for her husband - great as that boon has been to us all. "If you seek her monument, look round you." Look at the International Women's Club, and the Sandilands Hut for Girl Guides. They tell their own story.

Citation written and delivered by The Vice-Chancellor Sir William Hornell (康寧爵士), the Public Orator of the University.



1935 年 6 月--護理總督修頓爵士伉儷在香港總督府和嘉寶合照。 左邊這位華裔青年是香港扶輪社員鄧肇堅。

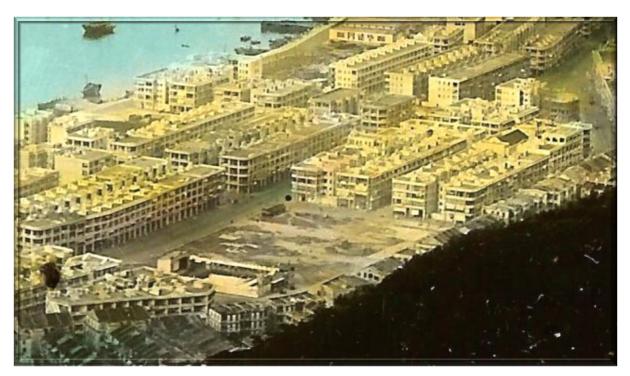
 ${\it June~1935-In~the~Government~House~Sir~Wilfrid~Thomas~Southorn,~Officer~Administering~the~Government}\\ of~the~Colonial~Hong~Kong,~and~Lady~Southorn~with~their~guests.$ 

The Chinese young man at the left was Hong Kong Rotarian Tang Shiu-Kin, MBE.





1926 年-1936 年修頓爵士夫人 OBE 曾任英國女童軍協會(香港分會)總監。
Lady Southorn OBE, had served The Girl Guides Association (Hong Kong Branch)
as the Colonial Commissioner from 1926 to 1936.



這張照片攝於 1932 年 7 月 1 日,展示了分配給香港扶輪社用於兒童遊樂場項目(後來的修頓遊樂場)的土地。
This photo was taken on 1 July 1932 showing the piece of land allotted to Hong Kong Rotary Club
for the children's playground project (later the Southorn Playground).



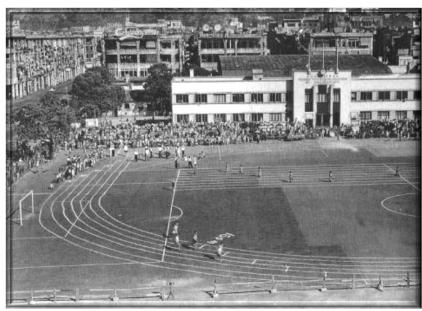
這張 1957 年的照片展示了位於灣仔市中心的修頓遊樂場的整個建築群。 This photo of 1957 shows the entire complex of the Southorn Playground in the city center of Wanchai.



1963年--修頓遊樂場的鳥瞰圖:(1)福利大廈,又名國殤大廈、國殤紀念福利中心、兒童遊樂場協會大廈等, 落成於1950年;(2)貝夫人健康院落成於1935年;(3)矮建築是公共浴室及廁所,高座是家庭計劃指導會。 福利大廈兩側是兒童遊樂場,可看到鋼架、鞦韆和滑梯。(2)(3)之間的是落成於1951年的室內籃球場館。

1963 – An aerial view of the Southorn Playground: (1) The Welfare Building, also known as the War Memorial Center, and the Children's Playground Association Building, was completed in 1950. (2) The Violet Peel Health Centre was completed in 1935. (3) The shorter building houses public bathrooms and toilets, while the taller one houses the Family Planning Association. On either side of the Welfare Building are children's playgrounds, featuring steel structures, swings, and slides.

Between (2) and (3) is the indoor basketball court, completed in 1951.



1960 年代--修頓遊樂場的田徑比賽 1960s - Track & Field games in the Southorn Playground

# 修頓遊樂場 和 榮譽扶輪社員修頓爵士



修頓遊樂場(Southorn Playground)最初是香港扶輪社(Hong Kong Rotary Club) 1931 年的服務項目,而今是香港灣仔的一個運動及康樂場地,內有一個足球場、四個籃球場和一個兒童遊樂場。遊樂場於1934年以香港扶輪社榮譽社員修頓爵士(Sir Wilfrid Thomas Southorn)的名字命名,修頓爵士於1925年至1936年期間擔任英國殖民地香港的輔政司。



修頓爵士 (Dr. the Honourable Sir Wilfrid Thomas Southorn, KCMG, KBE, CMG, HonLLD (HKU), MA (Oxon), BA (Oxon)) (1879年8月4日—1957年3月15日),舊有漢名「蕭敦爵士」, 英國殖民地政務官,1903年至1926年間於錫蘭(Ceylon)殖民地政府供職,官至首席助理輔政司及行政、立法兩局官守議員。修頓在1926年至1936年間調任香港輔政司兼行政、立法兩局官守議員,任內多次代理香港總督。修頓爵士在1936年至1942年升任甘比亞(The Gambia)總督,1946年開展退休生涯。

# 生平略傳

修頓在1879年8月4日生於英國華威郡的利明頓礦泉(Leamington Spa, Warwickshire),是家中第三子。修頓的父親本身任職拍賣官,另外也是估價員及物業代理。修頓少時入讀華威學校(Warwick School),及後負笈牛津大學基督聖體學院(Corpus Christi College, University of Oxford),1903年取得文學士學位畢業,後來於1933年獲頒文學碩士學位。

### 殖民地生涯

修頓在大學畢業後即於 1903 年加入殖民地部,並獲派往錫蘭(今斯里蘭卡民主社會主義 共和國 Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka) 殖民地政府任職。最初於 1904 年任北部 省政府代表的署理辦公室助理,並在賈夫納(Jaffna)辦公;他在 1905 年 4 月通過考核後,在 5月調任北中省政府代表的署理辦公室助理,1907年4月再調到漢班托特(Hambantota)的坦加勒(Tangalla)任署理區域法官。在1909年7月,修頓調回可倫坡(Colombo)任海關港口檢貨官,同年加入輔政司署任候補輔政司。通過第二度公務員考核後,修頓在1911年11月出任馬塔拉(Matala)助理政府代表,至1914年8月出任特委輔政司兼總督查默斯爵士(Sir Robert Chalmers)私人秘書。其後,復於1915年9月任可倫坡副海關課稅官兼港口檢貨官。

在1915年年底,修頓由於參加第一次世界大戰而離開錫蘭。戰後於1919年重返錫蘭,並在同年12月出任第二助理輔政司及再度兼任總督私人秘書之職。在1920年7月,修頓獲擢升為首席助理輔政司,至1923年12月獲政府委任為首席海關課稅官兼可倫坡港口委員會主席。在1924年10月,修頓以首席助理輔政司身份加入錫蘭立法局,擔任官守議員,同年11月他又獲進一步委任為錫蘭行政局官守議員。

### 香港輔政司/護理總督

在1926年5月1日,修頓由錫蘭調來香港出任輔政司一職。修頓伉儷在香港熱心公益,經常出席公開場合,甚得民心。其妻曾任英國女童軍協會(香港分會)總監等多項公職,於1935年獲OBE 勳銜。

修頓在任輔政司期間,曾經六度代理總督一職(Officer Administering the Government)。當中有兩次是總督交接期間:第一次是金文泰爵士(Sir Cecil Clementi)卸任總督後,他自 1930年2月1日至3月9日擔任護理總督一職至新任總督貝璐爵士(Sir William Peel)抵港履新為止;第二次是貝璐爵士於1935年卸任後,他自當年5月17日至9月13日第二度代理總督,後來一度由華民政務司史美(Norman Lockhart Smith)代任;到11月1日再由修頓代理總督,一直至1935年12月12日,新任總督郝德傑爵士(Sir Andrew Caldecott)上任為止。

### 修頓遊樂場和扶輪社

修頓遊樂場(Southorn Playground),香港人俗稱「修頓球場」,位於香港灣仔盧押道(Luard Road)(莊士敦道 Johnston Road 與軒尼詩道 Hennessy Road 之間),是灣仔其中一個露天運動場地。設有一個七人小型足球場及四個籃球場、兒童遊樂場。自 1930 年代以來,這裡一直是灣仔區的主要休閒場所。1934 年,以 1925 年至 1936 年擔任輔政司的修頓爵士的名字命名為「修頓遊樂場」。雖然場地不大,但常用於舉辦遊藝會和體育比賽等地區活動,也是當地居民日常休閒和社交的熱門場所。

修頓遊樂場所在的土地,是 1920 年代海旁東填海計畫的一部分,從維多利亞港(Victoria Harbour)填海而成。1929 年政府成立「遊樂場地委員會」,委派當時的輔政司修頓出任主席,中華基督教青年會總幹事麥花臣(John Livingstone McPherson)為值理,研究港九的空曠地段,專責遊樂場及球場的建築事宜。委員會建議為兒童預留區域,修頓建議保留莊士敦道和軒尼詩道之間的土地作為遊樂場。政府將指定的遊樂場—灣仔公園(今修頓遊樂場)授權給香港扶輪社,由扶輪社資助建設。

1933 年 7 月 1 日,輔政司修頓爵士牽頭成立了兒童遊樂場協會(Children's Playground Association)(現為香港遊樂場協會 Hong Kong Playground Association),接管了遊樂場。1934年2月12日,位於軒尼詩道與柯布連道(O'Brien Road)交界的公共廁所及浴室正式啟用。

1934年7月11日,當時的灣仔兒童遊樂場舉行了正式開幕典禮,由修頓爵士和香港扶輪社前社長曹善允博士共同主持。事實上,在紀念性開幕典禮之前,遊樂場已局部開放---1934年4月的一篇新聞報道稱,該設施平均每天已有約275名兒童入場。這是扶輪社成立第一年的社區服務計畫。

太平洋戰爭(1941-1945)後,香港政府致力於修復香港破舊的遊樂場。1947年10月11日的《政府憲報》宣布,修頓遊樂場將重新分配給兒童遊樂場協會管理。

### 展開公營廣播

在任輔政司期間,修頓曾於 1929 年 10 月 8 日以護理總督身分主持 ZBW 電台的啟播儀式。標誌香港進入公營電台時代,而 ZBW 電台即為香港廣播電台(Radio Hong Kong)之前身。

1921 年,香港首次進行廣播試驗,無線電波由畢打街(Pedder Street)的香港大酒店與雪廠街(Ice House Street)的香港電訊報辦公室之間傳播。1923 年,幾位無線電愛好者組織成立「香港無線電學會」,推動無線電廣播,吸引近百人加入做會員。

礙於無線電廣播當時屬於新興潮流產物,香港政府對「學會」成立顯得手足無措。既不知 對傳送訊號有何要求,也不清楚是否要規管廣播。直到英國內政大臣發出明確指示,倫敦相關 專才抵港,一連串政策方才訂立。

「學會」成立約半年後,政府表示:只要符合海軍對波段及時間的規限,原則上不反對試播(此一階段,政府主要採取消極意義的不干預、不介入。)「學會」得到一間通訊器材公司(Radio Communication Co.)支持,每日傍晚六時試行廣播。

1924年,政府就本地廣播服務粗略規劃出框架:透過一個廣播電台,發送颱風消息、警察警告、以及一些關乎公眾利益的訊息,下一階段則播送音樂節目(此一階段,政府嘗試積極干預、介入)。基於一些原因,廣播電台未有如期(1925年)成立,「學會」單獨苦苦支撐,財政漸告緊絀。

隨著基督教青年會轄下的娛樂委員會(Y.M.C.A. Entertainment Committee)在1927年底接力,青年會開始參與無線電廣播,為駐港英軍服務。青年會獲得商界支持,在灣仔一個小型單位發送廣播訊號。不久得到利舞臺(Lee Theatre)東主利希慎答應,借出天台擺放發射器,廣播質素因而大大改善。

唱片錄音技術的突破、報章不時報導外地電台發展的消息、商界對訊號測試的支持,慢慢加強政府推動廣播的信心。1928年6月20日,政府宣佈「政府廣播電台GOW於晚上9時至11時,以300米波段進行音樂節目測試」。翌日發佈的新聞稿(《南華早報》(South China Morning Post)全文刊載)進一步明確決策。表明「香港殖民地的廣播節目將由政府電台傳送,有關測試會持續至年底」,8月17日,《政府憲報》宣布維多利亞山頂(Victoria Peak)發射站的廣播台號為GOW。

翌年 (1929 年 2 月 1 日), GOW 電台改名 ZBW,由郵政總監史美(Norman Lockhart Smith)兼任台長。同年 10 月 8 日,首次現場直播音樂會,慶祝新播音室啟用。

ZBW 電台啟播,標誌著香港正式進入公營廣播時代。1935 年,中文頻道(ZEK)成立。 修頓以輔政司身份署任總督,剛好見證這個歷史變遷。

### 卸任以後

修頓在1936年3月卸任返回英國,並於同年6月20日獲英廷委任為甘比亞(The Gambia)總督兼三軍總司令,10月22日前往西非洲正式上任。對於甘比亞國界狹長,幾乎將塞內加爾(Senegal)一分為二,而且殖民地內經濟非常依賴花生種植,修頓曾形容甘比亞「地理上及經濟上都是一個荒謬」(A geographic and economic absurdity)。此語一出,一度為後人廣泛引用。修頓在1942年3月23日卸任甘比亞總督之職,當時正值第二次世界大戰。他遂獲殖民地部委任為殖民地服務聯絡官,直到大戰完結後的1946年方才卸任,此後開展退休生涯。

### 晚年生涯

修頓爵士晚年為達格代爾學會 (The Dugdale Society) 會員,該會專門推廣及整理華威郡的地方歷史。他在 1957 年 3 月 15 日卒於密德瑟斯(Middlesex)內泰晤士河畔萊爾漢姆 (Laleham-on-Thames),叫「奧斯曼村莊」(Osmanthorpe)的宅第內,終年 77 歲。

### 榮 譽

- (1) 1927年 -- 英國國王佐治五世授予聖米迦勒及聖喬治最傑出同袍勳章(Companion of The Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George (C.M.G.))
- (2) 1933 年 -- 英國國王佐治五世授予大英帝國最優秀爵級司令勳章(Knight Commander of the Most Excellent Order of the British Empire (K.B.E.))
- (3) 1936年 -- 香港大學授予名譽法博士學位
- (4) 1938 年 -- 英國國王佐治六世授予聖米迦勒及聖喬治最傑出爵級司令勳章(Knight Commander of The Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George (K.C.M.G.))



香港輔政司修頓先生於 1930 年為九龍佑寧堂(香港九龍佐敦道 4 號)奠基。
Foundation Stone, laid in 1930 by The Honourable Mr. Wilfrid Thomas Southorn,
of Kowloon Union Church, No. 4 Jordon Road, Kowloon, Hong Kong.